

In witness whereof, the commissioner plenipotentiary of the United States, and the chiefs and head men of the said tribe, have hereunto set their hands and affixed their seals.

Done at Vincennes, in the Indiana territory, the twenty-seventh day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, and of the independence of the United States the twenty-ninth.

William Henry Harrison,	[L. S.]
Wabochquinke, la gros bled, or big corn, his x mark,	[L. S.]
Swekania, trois fesse, or three thighs, his x mark,	[L. S.]
Makatewelama, chien noir, or black dog, his x mark,	[L. S.]
Alemoin, le chien, or the dog, his x mark,	[L. S.]
Kekelanquagoh, or lightning, his x mark,	[L. S.]

Signed, sealed and delivered in presence of—

John Gibson, secretary to the commission,	George Wallace, jr., of the Indiana Territory,
John Griffin, one of the judges of the Territory of Indiana,	Peter Jones, of Knox county, Indiana Ter.,
Henry Vanderburg, one of the judges of Indiana Territory,	Edward Hempstead, attorney at law, Indiana Ter.,
B. Parke, attorney general of the Territory of Indiana,	Abraham F. Snapp,
William Prince, sheriff of Knox county, Indiana Ter.,	Joseph Barron, interpreter.

I do certify, that each and every article of the foregoing treaty was carefully explained, and precisely interpreted, by me, to the Piankeshaw chiefs who have signed the same.

Joseph Barron, interpreter.

TREATY WITH THE CHEROKEE, 1804.

Articles of a treaty between the United States of America and the Cherokee Indians.

Oct. 24, 1804.

7 Stat., 228.
Proclamation, May 17, 1824.

DANIEL SMITH and Return J. Meigs, being commissioned by Thomas Jefferson, President of the United States, with powers of acting in behalf of the said United States, in arranging certain matters with the Cherokee nation of Indians; and the underwritten principal Chiefs, representing the said nation, having met the said Commissioners in a conference at Tellico, and having taken into their consideration certain propositions made to them by the said Commissioners of the United States; the parties aforesaid, have unanimously agreed and stipulated, as is definitely expressed in the following articles:

ARTICLE 1st. For the considerations hereinafter expressed, the Cherokee nation relinquish and cede to the United States, a tract of land bounding, southerly, on the boundary line between the State of Georgia and the said Cherokee nation, beginning at a point on the said boundary line northeasterly of the most northeast plantation, in the settlement known by the name of Wafford's Settlement, and running at right angles with the said boundary line four miles into the Cherokee land; thence at right angles southwesterly and parallel to the first mentioned boundary line, so far as that a line, to be run at right angles southerly to the said first mentioned boundary line, shall include, in this cession, all the plantations in Wafford's settlement, so called, as aforesaid.

Cession of land by
Cherokees.

ARTICLE 2d. For, and in consideration of, the relinquishment and cession, as expressed in the first article, the United States, upon signing the present Treaty, shall cause to be delivered to the Cherokees, useful goods, wares, and merchandise, to the amount of five thousand dollars, or that sum in money, at the option (timely signified) of the

Useful goods to
amount of \$5,000 to be
paid them as an an-
nuity.

TREATY WITH THE SAUK AND FOXES, 1804.

Cherokees, and shall, also, cause to be delivered, annually, to them, other useful goods to the amount of one thousand dollars, or money to that amount, at the option of the Cherokees, timely notice thereof being given, in addition to the annuity, heretofore stipulated, and to be delivered at the usual time of their receiving their annuity.

In witness of all and everything, herein determined, between the United States and the Cherokee nation, the parties have hereunto set their hands and seals, in the garrison of Tellico, on Cherokee ground, within the United States, this twenty-fourth day of October, in the year one thousand eight hundred and four, and in the twenty-ninth year of the independence and sovereignty of the United States.

Daniel Smith,	[L. s.]	Path Killer, his x mark,	[L. s.]
Return J. Meigs,	[L. s.]	Tagustiskee, his x mark,	[L. s.]
Tolluntuskie, his x mark,	[L. s.]	Tulio, his x mark,	[L. s.]
Broom, his x mark,	[L. s.]	Sour Mush, his x mark,	[L. s.]
J. McLamore, his x mark,	[L. s.]	Keatehee, his x mark,	[L. s.]
Quotequeskee, his x mark,	[L. s.]	James Vann.	[L. s.]

Witnesses:

Rob. Purdy, secretary,	Thos. J. Van Dyke, Sur. Mate.,
John McKee,	Wm. Charp,
Jno. Campbell, captain, second U. S.	Hinchey Pettway,
Regiment, Com.,	Wm. L. Lovely, assistant agent,
John Brahan, lieutenant, second Regi-	Ch. Hicks, interpreter.
ment, infantry,	

TREATY WITH THE SAUK AND FOXES, 1804.

Nov. 3, 1804. *A treaty between the United States of America and the United tribes of Sac and Fox Indians.*
 7 Stat., 84.
 Ratified Jan. 25,
 1805.
 Proclaimed Feb. 21,
 1805.

ARTICLES of a treaty made at St. Louis in the district of Louisiana between William Henry Harrison, governor of the Indiana territory and of the district of Louisiana, superintendent of Indian affairs for the said territory and district, and commissioner plenipotentiary of the United States for concluding any treaty or treaties which may be found necessary with any of the north western tribes of Indians of the one part, and the chiefs and head men of the united Sac and Fox tribes of the other part.

Indian taken under
 protection of United
 States.

ARTICLE 1. The United States receive the united Sac and Fox tribes into their friendship and protection, and the said tribes agree to consider themselves under the protection of the United States, and of no other power whatsoever.

Boundaries.

ART. 2. The general boundary line between the lands of the United States and of the said Indian tribes shall be as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point on the Missouri river opposite to the mouth of the Gasconade river; thence in a direct course so as to strike the river Jeffreon at the distance of thirty miles from its mouth, and down the said Jeffreon to the Mississippi, thence up the Mississippi to the mouth of the Ouisconsin river and up the same to a point which shall be thirty-six miles in a direct line from the mouth of the said river, thence by a direct line to the point where the Fox river (a branch of the Illinois) leaves the small lake called Sakaegan, thence down the Fox river to the Illinois river, and down the same to the Mississippi. And the said tribes, for and in consideration of the friendship and protection of the United States which is now extended to them, of the goods (to the value of two thousand two hundred and thirty-four dollars and fifty cents) which are now delivered, and of the annuity hereinafter stipulated to be paid, do hereby cede and relinquish forever to the United States, all the lands included within the above-described boundary